

febrifuge

Antipyretic.

fever (intermittent)

Elevation of the bodily temperature; pyrexia; a diseased state of the system, marked by increased heat, acceleration of the pulse, and a general derangement of the functions, including usually thirst and loss of appetite.

flatulence

Marked by or affected with flatus, or gases generated in the alimentary canal or in the stomach.

fumigant

Used to destroy infection by exposure to fumes or smoke.

furuncles

Boils.